Taking Maximum Advantage of Drupal Core's Composer Template

Core skills for a professional Drupal 8/9 developer



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- Web developer since 199-something
- Drupal developer since 2006



bit.ly/max-composer



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• Each PHP class can have its own dependencies.

My project (v 1.0.0)

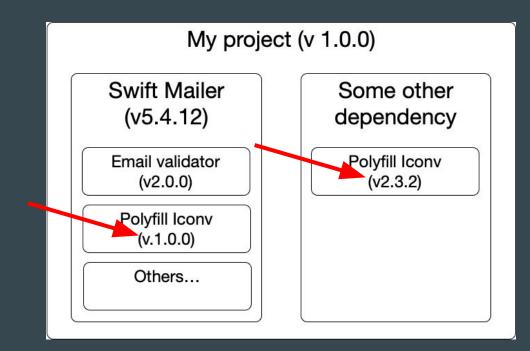
| Swift Mailer | Yaml Component |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| (v5.4.12) | (v4.0.1) |
| Email validator | Polyfill ctype |
| (v2.0.0) | (v1.8.0) |
| Polyfill Iconv (v.1.0.0) | |
| Others | |



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- Consider the following:
 - When you build your project, it works with particular versions of its dependencies.
 - There are no guarantees that the next version of a dependency will still work with your project (APIs change!)
 - There needs to be a way to "lock" a particular version of your project with a particular version of each of your dependencies.







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- Keeping each dependency's version locked as well as checking for version conflicts is challenging.
- Assembling a code base that includes dependencies and dependencies of dependencies, making sure that the version numbers are correct, etc.. is extremely tedious!
- "Humans are not dependable" Ryan Szrama, Commerce Guys.
- Composer does it for us: we tell Composer we need a particular version of a dependency (or a range of versions) and it takes care of the rest. Checking for version conflicts, downloading it, getting its dependencies, etc...

Basic Composer commands - review

- composer list
- composer help <command>
- composer require
- composer update
- composer remove
- composer install



Creating a new project with Composer using drupal/recommended-project



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But first, a quick history lesson...

- Since Drupal 8.0 was released (November, 2015!), the Drupal Composer/Drupal Project template has been the "best practice".
 - <u>https://github.com/drupal-composer/drupal-project/</u>
- ...until Drupal 8.8 was released (December, 2019) with the drupal/recommended-project template
 - <u>https://github.com/drupal/recommended-project</u>
- Differences?



Overview of the drupal/recommended-project template

- Considered a best practice for managing a Drupal 8.8+ project codebase.
- Provides a robust starting point.
- Supported by the community as part of Drupal core.



Overview of the drupal/recommended-project template

- Makes Drupal core (core-recommended) a dependency of the project.
- Provides a nested document root.
- Automatically keeps Drupal's scaffolding files up-to-date.
- Installs Drupal-specific project dependencies (modules, themes, profiles, etc..) in the proper directories.
- Provides access to Drupal's own public project repository (Drupal modules and themes are not available via packagist.org).



Live demo/exercise



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Live demo

- composer create-project drupal/recommended-project sitename
- composer require drupal/pathauto
- composer update drupal/pathauto
- composer remove drupal/pathauto



Let's maximize! PHP versions.

- PHP versions and Composer
 - Add "php": ">=7.2.0" to composer.json, try updating something.
- Be careful when using virtual machines or Docker containers.



Let's maximize! Custom dependencies.

- Add a custom dependency from a private GitHub project
 Try composer require ultimike/privaterepo
 Add new repository:

 f
 "type": "vcs",
 "url": "git@github.com:ultimike/privaterepo.git"
 - Get token from GitHub.



Let's maximize! Composer outdated command.

- See which dependencies have updates available.
- composer outdated
- Better yet, use...
- composer outdated --direct



Let's maximize! Dry run, why-not, validate

- When updating or requiring, running into issues? Troubleshoot with:
 - composer update --dry-run
 - o composer why-not drupal/cck
 - o composer validate



Let's maximize! Require alpha, beta, RC, and dev

- Need to install a pre-release version of a dependency?
 o composer require vendor/name:^1.0@beta
- @alpha, @beta, @RC, -dev all valid
 When using -dev, the dependency is *cloned*.



Let's maximize! Applying patches

- Use the Composer patches dependency
 - o composer require cweagans/composer-patches
- Add the patch URL to your project's composer.json
- Run composer install



Let's maximize! Customize Drupal scaffolding files

- The drupal/core-composer-scaffold allows you to customize (remove, append, edit, add) Drupal scaffolding files.
- <u>https://www.drupal.org/docs/develop/using-composer/starting-a-sit</u> <u>e-using-drupal-composer-project-templates#s-drupalcore-compos</u> <u>er-scaffold</u>
- Example: remove the README.txt via configuration in the project's composer.json's "drupal-scaffold" section (delete the original README.txt first).



Let's maximize! Requiring Drush or Drupal Console

- Have Drush and/or Drupal Console as part of your codebase
 composer require drush/drush
- Don't forget to update them!



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